Enterprise Management

Now that you have a strong plan in place, you can move on to the next stage of the project life-cycle: planning. This involves setting specific milestones along the way, which will help you to check that you are on track. You can use a variety of tools, including charts, graphs, and diagrams, to visualise your progress. It is worth remembering that a number of project delivery failures can be attributed to a lack of proper planning. If you have already completed the initiating stage, including a feasibility study, you are well on your way to success. However, it is important to remember that planning is a continuous process, and you should be prepared to adjust your plans as necessary. By following this approach, you can increase your chances of achieving a successful outcome.

One way to identify risks is to brainstorm using a "what if" scenario. For example, what if you have a child who is unexpectedly off school? Would you have enough time to catch up on your studies? What if you have to take on additional responsibilities at work or home? These are just a few examples of the kind of risks you might encounter. The key is to identify these risks early on, and then develop strategies to mitigate them. This might include finding a suitable party to transfer the risk, reducing the risk through actions such as minimising the risk of falling asleep during a class, or transferring the risk to another party. It is worth remembering that a number of project delivery failures can be attributed to a lack of proper planning. If you have already completed the initiating stage, including a feasibility study, you are well on your way to success. However, it is important to remember that planning is a continuous process, and you should be prepared to adjust your plans as necessary. By following this approach, you can increase your chances of achieving a successful outcome.

With regard to quality, your project has one clear benefit: it will take a long time. Its cost will be high. Its quality will be low. It is worth remembering that a number of project delivery failures can be attributed to a lack of proper planning. If you have already completed the initiating stage, including a feasibility study, you are well on your way to success. However, it is important to remember that planning is a continuous process, and you should be prepared to adjust your plans as necessary. By following this approach, you can increase your chances of achieving a successful outcome.

The project life-cycle is progressing against the plan, sharpening your focus as you move confidently on to the executing stage, which is where you'll encounter a number of challenges. For example, if you have a child who is unexpectedly off school, would you have enough time to catch up on your studies? What if you have to take on additional responsibilities at work or home? These are just a few examples of the kind of risks you might encounter. The key is to identify these risks early on, and then develop strategies to mitigate them. This might include finding a suitable party to transfer the risk, reducing the risk through actions such as minimising the risk of falling asleep during a class, or transferring the risk to another party.